Project Title:

Computational Studies of Muon Locations, Electronic Structures and Electron Transport in High Tc Superconductor, Organic, Organometallic and Biological Systems

Name:

^AShukri Sulaiman, ^AMohamed Ismail Mohamed-Ibrahim, ^BIsao Watanabe, ^AAinul Fauzeeha Binti Rozlan, ^BNoraina Binti Adam, ^BSaidah Sakinah Mohd-Tajudin, ^AHarison Binti Rozak, ^BIrwan Ramli, ^BSungwon Yoon, ^BDita Puspita Sari, ^BFahmi Astuti, ^BRetno Asih, ^BMuhamad Darwis Umar

Laboratory at RIKEN: Advanced Meson Science Laboratory ^AUniversiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia, ^BRIKEN, Nishina Center, Japan

1. Background and purpose of the project, relationship of the project with other projects

Muon Spin Rotation/Resonance/Relaxation (µSR) experimental technique is a powerful method to study the properties of materials at microscopic level. The µSR method can be applied to study different aspects of semiconductors, organic magnets, high Tc superconductor and other molecular compounds. Various physical phenomena can be investigated such as hyperfine interactions, magnetism and electron transport. In many instances, the interpretation of µSR results requires further analysis through computational studies so that the underlying physics behind the observed properties could be understood. Therefore, the collaboration between experimental works and computational studies is crucial to achieve the ultimate goals of our group's research endeavour.

One of the main objectives for the computational works is to investigate the most probable stopping sites for muon and muonium. The calculated electronic structures of the muonated system from the computational works could be used to study the hyperfine interactions. Further, the comparison between the electronic structure of the pure and muonated systems would reveal much information about interactions between muon and its local environment.

The µSR experiments have been conducted at the RIKEN-RAL Muon Facility in the United Kingdom and the Paul Scherrer Institut (PSI) in Switzerland, while the computational studies require the excellent supercomputing facilities provided by the Advanced Center for Computing and Communication at RIKEN.

Our group has been working on several research projects under the G16031 ACCC awarded project involving muon in different host materials. These include:

i) Organic magnets which are β' - $Et_nMe_{4\cdot n}P$ $[Pd(dmit)_2]_2$ and $\kappa\text{-}(BETDT\text{-}TTF)_2Cu[N(CN)_2]Cl$ systems

ii) Antiferromagnetic La₂CuO₄ and YBa₂Cu₃O₆

iii) Vanadium Thiobromide (V₄S₉Br₄) strongly correlated system

iv) CeRu₂Al₁₀ which is a Kondo semiconductor and a strongly correlated material.

v) Metal-organic hybrid materials which are

 $(C_2H_5NH_3)_2CuCl_4$ and $(C_6H_5(CH_2)_2NH_3)_2CuCl_4$.

- vi) Pyrochlore Iridates $R_2Ir_2O_7(R=Nd, Sm)$
- vii) Synthesized simple and short strand DNA
- viii) λ -(BETS)₂GaCl₄
- ix) Kitaev Honeycomb material α-RuCl₃
- 2. Specific usage status of the system and calculation method

We used three software to conduct our computational studies which are:

- i) Gaussian 09
- ii) NBO for Gaussian 09
- iii) Vienna Ab initio Simulation Package
 (VASP) ver. 5. 4. 1 software for band structure, spin structure and supercell calculation. This software is owned by Advanced Meson Science Laboratory and is installed at HOKUSAI and RICC.

3. Result

i) <u>Organic magnets which are β' Et_nMe_{4:n}P [Pd(dmit)₂]₂ and κ-(BETDT-TTF)₂Cu[N(CN)₂]Cl systems </u>

We have performed first principle computational studies on the β' -X[Pd(dmit)₂]₂ and κ -(BETDT-TTF)₂Cu[N(CN)₂]Cl in the antiferromagnetic state. As of now, we have completed all the calculations for three pure systems. All the results obtained are as expected and 75% of the objectives have been achieved. At present, we are focusing on the hyperfine interactions for the muonated systems.

ii) Antiferromagnetic La₂CuO₄ and YBa₂Cu₃O₆

We have reproduced the band-structure of La_2CuO_4 and $YBa_2Cu_3O_6$ by using Density Functional Theory (DFT) method in order to understand the electronic structure of those systems. We also performed the electrostatic potential calculations to study the muon sites. Currently, our focus is on improving the dipole field calculations.

iii) <u>Vanadium Thiobromide (V₄S₉Br₄) strongly</u> <u>correlated system</u>

We performed the calculations on $V_4S_9Br_4$ system in the AFM state. We were unable to complete the Periodic Boundary Condition (PBC) approach using Gaussian 09 due to the limitation in the available resource memory.

iv) <u>CeRu₂Al₁₀ which is a Kondo semiconductor and a</u> <u>strongly correlated material.</u>

We have determined the electronic structure of the system by calculating the band structures of CeRu₂Al₁₀ in order to decide the suitable characteristic in the input file of VASP.

v) <u>Metal-organic hybrid materials which are</u> (<u>C₂H₅NH₃)₂CuCl₄ and (C₆H₅(CH₂)₂NH₃)₂CuCl₄.</u>

We have performed first principle calculations on the organic-inorganic hybrids of $(C_2H_5NH_3)_2CuCl_4$ (Cu-EA) and $(C_6H_5CH_2CH_2NH_3)_2CuCl_4$ (Cu-PEA) to study the muon sites in those systems from the view point of the total energy. In order to find the ground state, we performed four calculations which are nonmagnetic and three ferromagnetic states with different orientation of magnetic moment (in *a*-, *b*-, and *c*- direction, respectively). At this moment, we have finished the calculation on the hybrid systems.

vi) <u>Pyrochlore Iridates $R_2Ir_2O_7(R=Nd, Sm)$ </u>

The results of our calculations indicate that the

all-in all-out magnetic structure can be most convincingly explained by the μ SR results. Furthermore, we found that the lower limits of the sizes of magnetic moments were estimated to be 0.12 μ B and 0.2 μ B for Ir and Nd moments in Nd₂Ir₂O₇, and 0.3 μ B and 0.1 μ B for Ir and Sm moments in Sm₂Ir₂O₇, respectively. Further analysis indicates that the spin coupling between Ir and Nd/Sm moments is ferromagnetic for Nd₂Ir₂O₇ and antiferromagnetic for Sm₂Ir₂O₇.

vii) Synthesized simple and short strand DNA

We have carried out first principle calculations to examine the possible muon stopping sites in individual of DNA bases; Adenine (10 muonium sites), Guanine (11 muonium sites), Thymine (9 muonium sites) and Cytosine (8 muonium sites). From the calculations, we obtained an information on the electronic structures of the bases such as the relative energies, atomic charges, bond order and the hyperfine coupling constant at each muonium site in the DNA bases.

vii) <u>λ-(BETS)₂GaCl₄</u>

At this stage, calculation results give us a hint that the mixture of s⁻ and d⁻ wave pairing symmetry is strongly possible on λ -(BETS)₂GaCl₄.

ix) Kitaev Honeycomb material α-RuCl₃

In the result based on the first principle calculation, we found that it exhibited the same position of the minimum potential for different spin alignments suggested in the theoretical field, on the center of the honeycomb network. Also, it is revealed that there is no difference between cases of the single layer and of the triple stacked layer of the rhombohedral lattice within the iso-surface of the electrostatic potential for 500 meV.

4. Conclusion

At this stage, we have been able to carry out computational works that form the basis of our attempt for studying the electronic and magnetic characteristics of these novel and intriguing materials. And the results of some of our research have complemented the experimental results obtained from μ SR experiments and this can lead to better understanding of these materials. The HOKUSAI GreatWave supercomputer provides important contribution to our research and enable us to conduct a wide range of computationally intensive tasks in various materials.

5. Schedule and prospect for the future

We will need and would like to continue using the

HOKUSAI GreatWave supercomputer in the future for our studies on muon in materials. For the new fiscal year, we expect to perform further and more complex calculations on the materials that we are currently studying. Thus, we would require more powerful computing facilities to enable us to perform the calculations on supercell systems.

Fiscal Year 2016 List of Publications Resulting from the Use of the supercomputer

[Publication]

 Asih, R., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Sari, D. P., Matsuhira, K., Guo, H., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Nakano, T., Nozue, Y., Sulaiman, S., Mohamed-Ibrahim, M. I., Kumar, P. B., and Watanabe, I. (2017). Magnetic Moments and Ordered States in Pyrochlore Iridates Nd₂Ir₂O₇ and Sm₂Ir₂O₇ Studied by Muon-Spin Relaxation. *Journal of the Physical Society of Japan*, 86(2), 024705.

[Proceedings, etc.]

 Watanabe, I., Yoon, S. W., Suprayoga, E., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Sari, D. P., Asih, R., Astuti, F., Angel, J., Umar, M. D., Mohamed-Ibrahim, M. I., & Sulaiman, S. (in press). The RIKEN-RAL Muon Facility and the Application of Muons for Studies of Magnetic Properties of Nano-Materials. *AIP Conference Proceedings.*

[Oral presentation at an international symposium]

- Asih, R., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Sari, D. P., Matsuhira, K., Guo, H., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Nakano, T., Nozue, Y., Sulaiman, S., Mohamed-Ibrahim, M. I., Kumar, P. B., & Watanabe, I. (September, 2016). Magnetic Ordered States in Pyrochlore Iridates Nd₂Ir₂O₇ and Sm₂Ir₂O₇ Studied by μSR. *The 8th International Conference on Highly Frustrated Magnetism* (*HFM 2016*). Taiwan.
- Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Tanida, H., Sera M., Devashibhai, A. D., Takabatake, T., Sulaiman, S., Mohamed-Ismail, M. I., & Watanabe, I. (June, 2016). Magnetic State of the Kondo Semiconductor CeM₂Al₁₀ (M=Ru,Os).*Rare Earth International Conference 2016.* Symposium conducted at Hokkaido, Japan.
- Asih, R., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Sari, D. P., Matsuhira, K., Guo, H., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Nakano, T., Nozue, Y., Sulaiman, S., Mohamed-Ibrahim, M. I., Kumar, P. B., & Watanabe, I. (June, 2016). Magnetic Ordered States in Pyrochlore Iridates R₂Ir₂O₇ (R = Nd and Sm) Investigated by μSR. *The Rare-Earths International Conference 2016*. Symposium conducted at Hokkaido, Japan.
- Sari, D. P., Asih, R., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Adam, N., Hiraki, K., Ishii, Y., Takahashi, T., Nakano, T., Nozue, Y., Sulaiman, S., Mohamed-Ibrahim, M. I., & Watanabe, I. (2016). µSR Study of Organic Superconductor λ-(BETS)₂GaCl₄. 3rd International Conference on Functional Materials Science

2016 (ICFMS2016) "Trends in Functional Materials: From Fundamental to Applications". Bali, Indonesia.

[Others (Press release, Science lecture for the public)]

- Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Tanida, H., Sera, M., Sulaiman, S., Mohamed-Ibrahim M. I., & Watanabe, I. (2016, December). Magnetic State of CeM₂Al₁₀ (M=Ru, Os). Theoretical and Experimental Aspects of Advanced Material Sciences. *Emallia Conference*. Symposium conducted at Hokkaido University, Japan.
- Asih, R., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Maeda, S., Matsuhira, K., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Miyake, A., Tokunaga, M., Watanabe, I., Nakano, T., & Nozue, Y. (December, 2016). Investigation of Magnetic Ordered States in the Pyrochlore Iridates (Nd_{1-x}Ca_x)₂Ir₂O₇. *Emallia Conference*. Symposium conducted at Hokkaido University, Japan.
- Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Nishizaki, T., Kikkawa, A., Adam, N., Suprayoga, E., Mohamed-Ibrahim, M. I., Sulaiman, S., & Watanabe, I. (December, 2016). Muon in high-Tc Superconducting YBa₂Cu₃O₆. *Emallia Conference*. Symposium conducted at Hokkaido University, Japan.
- Asih, R., Mohd-Tajudin, S.S., Astuti, F., Maeda, S., Matsuhira, K., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Miyake, A., Tokunaga, M., Watanabe, I., Nakano, T., Nozue, Y. (September 2016). μSR Study on the Magnetic Ordered State of (Nd_{1-x}Ca_x)₂Ir₂O₇. JPS Meeting Sept 2016. Japan.
- Adam, N. (May, 2016). Magnetic State of CeRu₂Al₁₀. Experimental and Theoretical Applications of Spin-Resonance Techniques to Advanced Material Sciences. *Hokkaido U. - RIKEN Joint* Symposium. Japan.
- Asih, R., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Maeda, S., Matsuhira, K., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Miyake, A., Tokunaga, M., Watanabe, I., Nakano, T., & Nozue, Y. (May, 2016). Investigation of Magnetic Ordered States in the (Nd_{1-x}Ca_x)₂Ir₂O₇ Probed by μSR. *Hokkaido University-RIKEN* Symposium. Japan.
- Asih, R., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Maeda, S., Matsuhira, K., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Miyake, A., Tokunaga, M., Watanabe, I., Nakano, T., & Nozue, Y. (19 – 22 March, 2016). Effect of Ca-substitution on the Magnetic Ordered States of (Nd_{1-x}Ca_x)₂Ir₂O₇ Studied by μSR. JPS 71th Annual Meeting 2016. Japan.
- Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Nishizaki, T., Kikkawa, A., Adam, N., Suprayoga, E., Sulaiman, S., Mohamed-Ibrahim, M. I., & Watanabe, I. (19 – 22 March, 2016). Computational and Experimental Studies of Muon Sites in YBa₂Cu₃O₆. JPS 71th Annual Meeting 2016. Japan.

- 9. Sari, D. P., Asih, R., Hiraki, K., Ishii, Y., Takahashi, T., Koretsune, T., Seo, H., Nakano, T., Watanabe, I., & Nozue, Y. (January, 2016). μSR and DFT study of Non-magnetic Anion-based Organic Superconductor l-(BETS)₂GaCl₄. *Condensed Molecular Materials Laboratory SEMINAR*. Seminar conducted at Condensed Molecular Material Laboratory - RIKEN (Reizo Kato laboratory), Seminar (Invited Oral talk). Japan.
- 10. Asih, R., Adam, N., Mohd-Tajudin, S. S., Suprayoga, E., Sari, D. P., Matsuhira, K., Wakeshima, M., Hinatsu, Y., Miyake, A., Tokunaga, M., Watanabe, I., Nakano, T., Nozue, Y. (2016). µSR Study on the Pyrochlore Iridates R₂Ir₂O₇ (R= Nd, Sm). *RIKEN-RAL Anniversary at RIKEN*. Japan.